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Job work of every description done promptly and in the very best and most artistic manner, at reasonable rates.

Local Items.

40,000 pounds of lime for sale at J. M. Ochso's.

Christmas is billed to appear just four weeks from to-morrow.

Mr. Frank Shields of Dudleyville was in town on Wednesday.

Mr. J. M. Ochso has received a large new stock of fine holiday goods.

Mr. W. Y. Price came in from the Repreata ranch on Thursday.

Next Thursday night Ivanhoe Legion No. 2, Select Knights, will elect officers for the ensuing year.

The Alamo Amarilla ditch has been put in splendid condition for service and is again ready for the water.

Mr. Jacob Suter, of Pinal, returned home on Tuesday after completing a job of roofing at Casa Grande.

The Odd Fellows are making considerable progress towards the preliminary steps to organize a lodge in Florence.

Mr. A. Redeuil, the piano agent and tuner, of Vallejo, Cal., was in town this week on his regular semi-annual visit.

Mr. W. H. Sutherland and family have been in town during the present week from their ranch above Dripping Springs.

Sam Drachman, of Tucson, not only sells the best cigars in the Territory, but is agent for the Louisiana Lottery and will sell tickets at his win.

The rains of the week found congenial dissection in trickling through the mud coats of many a house in Florence to the disgust of tidy housewives.

Miss Hattie Elbel, of South Bend, Indiana, arrived this week and will spend the winter with Mrs. J. M. Ochso, who is a former acquaintance.

See notice elsewhere of one of the most desirable tracts of land in the valley for sale. A good bargain will be given a party who means business.

Mr. F. S. Haas, representing Messrs. L. Zuckendorf & Co., of Tucson, made the Florence merchants a business visit this week and took many orders.

In the notice of the redemption of warrants on the contingent fund the wrong series was given in last week's publication. It should read series of 1885.

Mr. R. H. Martin calls attention to his coral and ivory facilities in an advertisement to-day. He keeps outfits for all live purposes and charges reasonable hire.

Mr. C. W. Tillman has purchased Chas. Lewis' lease on the Jacobs building on the west side of Main street, and he will put the premises in good order for rent or occupation.

Mr. C. H. Webber returned on Thursday from a trip to Globe and went on to his home at Tucson. He was glad to get out of the storm in the mountains into the warm valleys and sunshine.

The Enterprise is under obligations to Mrs. Jere Fryer for files of Chicago and Detroit newspapers containing full reports of the anarchists' hanging, and to Mr. S. J. Levey for files of Honolulu papers.

Mr. Brady's new flouring mill is turning out an excellent quality of flour. He is not quite satisfied with it, however, and will still further improve it, with the intention of producing the best flour in the Territory.

An eastern paper says that a cup of hot milk into which a spoonful of ground ginger has been stirred will effectively break up the chills if taken just as one is coming on. It is a simple remedy and is worthy trying.

Messrs. F. C. Calderon and S. J. Levey are conducting the business affairs of the late J. D. Rittenhouse with ability and satisfaction. They are both active and attentive young business men and are always courteous and obliging.

Omer Ritchie, the infant son of Omer and Nora Ritchie, died on Thursday morning, aged seven days. The funeral took place from the residence of Mr. W. H. Merritt on Thursday afternoon.

Hon. P. R. Brady read the Episcopal burial service over the remains.

The farmers are all busy with their fall planting and but few of them are seen in town nowadays. A greater area of land will be brought under cultivation than ever before in this valley and the acreage of alfalfa will be largely increased.

A very pleasant Thanksgiving dance was given in the court house Thursday night, which was attended by all the society folks who enjoy the giddy whirl. It was a grand success and lasted long into the wee sma' hours, interrupted only by refreshments at the Florence hotel.

There was a washout near Gila Bend on Wednesday night which delayed the east bound train. The west bound train was held at Tucson till Thursday morning and consequently no mails reached here that day. It was the occasion of a genuine Thanksgiving with variations for many who expected mail.

An eastern gentleman who had heard so much of the very dry climate of southern Arizona reached Florence a few days ago just as the rain clouds were gathering. He experienced all the hilarity such a wet spell afforded and at last accounts he had arrived at the unalterable conviction that Arizonaans are the most consummate prevaricators in the world. He had been four days in dry Arizona and it rained all the time.

Mr. F. E. McCrary has expressed his ability to build and complete brick cottages upon contract at prices that may be considered very low for this section of the country. For a thousand dollars he will agree to erect a neat four room brick house of fair size, but a slight advance on the cost of an adobe structure. At such prices a large number of brick residences ought certainly to be built during the coming winter.

A Good Bargain.

A pair of splendid gold scales of 300 ozs., capacity, that originally cost \$650, will be sold cheap for cash. For particulars apply at this office.

Roofing Material.

In the country like southern Arizona where habitations are required to be impervious to heat and cold as well as water, the question of material for roofing is a serious and important one. Shingles are liable to warp and crack under the heat of the summer's sun, and tin and iron absorb an undesirable quantity of heat. The old mud roof comes nearer to filling all requisites with the one serious fault that it may take a sudden down during a rain storm to dump the water into the house instead of carrying it off.

Mr. C. D. Henry, of this place, during his sojourn in Sinaloa, Mexico, some years ago, saw old reservoirs that had withstood the effects of time for centuries and were still apparently in good condition. He learned that the peculiar cement with which they were lined was a simple compound and quite inexpensive. It consisted of no less than common lime mortar into which a quantity of prickly pear juice had been incorporated. The prickly pear being used in place of a few inches square, and then covered with water. In several days a fermentation commenced when the almy substance was poured off and was ready to mix with the mortar. The philosophy of the virtues of the mixture were not explained and the Mexicans were content with knowing that it made an enduring cement absolutely impervious to water.

In building his residence in Florence Mr. Henry availed himself of the knowledge obtained in Sinaloa, after having made a failure of a cement roof. He followed the formula above given and, although a heavy rain fell the day following its application, not a drop of water found its way through the roof and it has since withstood all subsequent storms. The experience of others corroborates that of Mr. Henry one of the most difficult problems to builders in warm countries will be solved, for the material can be easily applied to any style or angle of roof and a couple of coats of paint will give it any desired shade and probably add to its durability.

Married the Invalid Corps.

"Are you the man that dispenses widelaw and justice?" asked a brawny specimen of Celtic extraction who entered Justice Bo. Whitehead's laboratory of the law, the other day.

"I am, Madam. What can I do for you," responded the always courteous Justice.

"Bad cess to the day, it's a divorce I want," said the gentle visitor as she wiped the corner of an eye upon a corresponding corner of her apron. "It's now three years a com' since me an' Dennis McArris was married according to law, and I was a faithful wife have I been to him. He was a pretty sojer boy then and I that I was gettin' the flower of the army. Dennis got a discharge an' he went to the Mammoth to live. He tuk to drink and the devil a sober breath did he breathe till we hadn't a mouthful to eat an' he was down sick in bed with fever there he's ben ever since an' in place of married the flower of the army I have married the invalid corps. Will yez make out the papers?"

She was directed to lay her case before a lawyer and departed with benedictions upon Bo. and maledictions upon Dennis.

Mr. A. T. Colton, U. S. deputy mineral surveyor, has just received a new model mountain solar transit from the manufacturer in Philadelphia. It is probably the only instrument of the kind in Arizona, if not on the Pacific coast. By its use the magnetic needle can be dispensed with where local influences control its action, and the cardinal points of the compass determined by solar or lunar observation. In this section of Arizona Mr. Colton has occasionally experienced considerable difficulty with the ordinary transit, owing to the mineral deposits that exist even on portions of the level mesa lands to the south of Florence. In some instances the needle would be under the absolute control of these deposits and its usefulness thereby become impaired. The new instrument can be adjusted to work independently in such an instance and absolute correctness attained. It also possesses advantages in abrupt triangulation and is one of the most useful and complete instruments manufactured.

The clouds that for the past week had been slowly growing more dense and threatening culminated in a slow rainfall on Monday afternoon, and for three days the rain fell quite heavily. Contrary to expectation the temperature did not fall to any uncomfortable degree and the weather cleared up warm and pleasant. A blizzard that contemporaneously swept across the north-western states and blockaded many railroads leading out of Chicago and other cities, probably got broken up and a fragment straggled across the Rocky mountains and became so enamored of Apache land that it concluded to reform and settle down here.

It is hoped that in the future all business buildings erected in Florence will be built with brick instead of the adobe. A very superior quality of brick is now being manufactured here and every argument favors this material in the construction of both business and residence structures. The very appearance of the adobe buildings is sufficient to disgust an eastern visitor, while the presence of neat and imposing brick blocks lends a thriving and modern air to a town; it looks like civilization and progress and at once impresses the stranger with decided favor. The day of the adobe has passed and the people of Florence should realize the fact.

The Silver Belt reports Mr. B. J. Fox as ill with malaria contracted at the Whitefields recently. The rosy cheeked children of that locality do not seem to be afflicted with the malarial Mr. Fox is attributed with having acquired, and the Silver Belt editor, who remained at the Whitefields during camp-meeting, is a big weight of testimony to the healthfulness of the place. Sometimes malaria can be carried from one locality to another in a coat pocket, if carefully corked.

Most Excellent.

J. J. Atkins, Chief Police, Knoxville, Tenn., writes: "My family and I are beneficiaries of your most excellent medicine, Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption; having found it to be all that you claim for it, desire to testify to its virtue. My friends to whom I have recommended it, praise it at every opportunity." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup and every affection of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Trial Bottles Free at J. D. Rittenhouse.

Drew & Bamrick are the mail contractors to Silver King and Pinal. The best stock and quickest time made.

Pinal County.

(By Hon. Patrick Hamilton.)

Pinal is one of the central tier of counties which embrace the largest portion of the agricultural lands in the Territory. It is bounded on the south by Pima, on the west by Maricopa, on the north by Maricopa and Gila, and on the east by Graham. South of the Gila, it is a country of open, grassy plains, dotted with clumps of barren mountains. To the north and east, the Pinal, the Tortilla, the Mesal, and the Superstition mountains, on the rolling plains and valleys. The Gila flows through the county from east to west, and its south-eastern end is watered by the San Pedro. Its total area is 5,210 square miles. Although one of the smallest of the counties, Pinal is one of the richest in the Territory. It possesses large and rich tracts of agricultural land, excellent grazing ground and some of the most valuable mines yet discovered in Arizona. Besides its ledges of gold, silver and copper, large deposits of coal have been found within its borders, which will, no doubt, yet prove valuable. Along the valleys of the Gila and San Pedro is some of the very richest land in Arizona. Water is abundant in both streams, and when properly utilized, five times the number of acres now reclaimed will be made productive. Pinal possesses the three great natural sources of wealth: mineral, agricultural and grazing lands. Her mines are among the richest and most productive in Arizona; her cattle ranges along the Gila, San Pedro and other points are among the most desirable in the west, and the soil of her fertile valleys is unsurpassed for richness.

The county is in a prosperous condition, and is steadily growing in wealth and population. Pinal was organized in 1871, from a portion of Pima. Its growth was slow, and retarded by Indian depredations, until the discovery of the wonderful Silver King demonstrated its great mineral wealth. Since then it has advanced steadily, and the soil offers inducements to the immigrant not surpassed by any county in Arizona.

Florence, the principal town of Pinal, stands in the valley of the Gila and about half a mile from the stream. It is twenty-five miles north-east of Casa Grande station, on the Southern Pacific Railroad, and eighty miles north of Tucson. Like Phoenix, it sits embowered in groves of cottonwood, and streams of clear water run through every street. The valley surrounding the town is under a high state of cultivation; fields of waving grain and alfalfa, and orchards loaded down with delicious fruit, meet the eye in every direction. The place has a delightful situation, and with its pleasant homes surrounded by trees and shrubbery, its pure water and healthy climate, it is one of the most attractive spots in the Territory. The buildings are principally of adobe, and generally one story high. There are several large stores with stocks of general merchandise, two hotels, two public schools, a flouring mill, brewery, restaurants, saloons, blacksmith shops, and all the other accessories of a frontier town. Florence is yet destined to become one of the leading towns of the Territory. Its situation makes it the natural supply point for the extensive mining region north and east. With abundance of water, and a soil of such fruitfulness, it will yet become one of the most beautiful towns west of the Rocky Mountains. There is a large Mexican population settled here, but within the past three years many American families have made homes in the valley and town, and there is no place in Arizona that contains a more charming and cultured social circle than this pleasant little town on the Gila.

The Catholics have a handsome church, built of adobe. The county-court house is also of the same material, and is a plain but commodious building. A new school-house has been completed. It is 60 feet square, two stories high, and finished in a style that makes it an ornament to the place. The town was laid out in 1868, and has a brisk trade with the surrounding valley and the different mining camps. It has a population of nearly 1,200. The Enterprise is published here. It is one of the most ably conducted journals in the Territory, and a faithful and vigilant champion of the rights and interests of the people it represents. It is untiring in its efforts to bring the resources of the Territory before the people and country beyond the world. Florence abounds 1500 feet above the sea-level, with a climate during the summer months that will rival that of its famous namesake on the Arno. There is room for ten times the number of people in the valley which surrounds it, and as the rich land now lying idle is brought under cultivation Florence will grow and prosper.

A Chicago telegram announces a terrific blizzard in that city on last Saturday and throughout the northwest with heavy snow fall and piercing cold weather. Think of loading down with overcoats and overalls and then being pinched by the cold atmosphere, nose peeled, ears frozen, fingers and toes tingling as is the case now and on till next April in the eastern States, and compare the situation with the sunny skies, the balmy air and the general comfort of our nights in Phoenix and the Salt and Gila River valleys. Is it any wonder that people who spend a winter here come back? Is it not a wonder that the eastern cities and States are not deserted by every soul who could come to our eternal summer land and spend each winter that occurs? It will be but a few more years till this will be the case much more than at the present time and even now the railroads are taxed to the utmost to accommodate the enormous amount of travel to Arizona and the Southwest and as yet the country is supposed by nine tenths of the eastern people to be a land of wilderness, a land where no comfort is, a land where sand and rocks and cactus, only, fill the landscape. With all these discouraging mistaken impressions Arizona above any other section of the country will command the trade of the future. Some years ago the topic was music. It was the first season of German opera at the Metropolitan opera house, and it was deemed essential that every woman should exhibit some knowledge of the subject. This year the topic is outdoor amusements, and the man who knows it is not dumb in the presence of fashionable womanhood.—Hotel Gazette.

How E. Steiner of Temple Wona Prize.

Something of a sensation was created yesterday morning by the announcement that a tenth ticket which had won the second capital prize of \$50,000 in the Louisiana State Lottery, in the drawing of Tuesday, was held by E. Steiner, of the clothing and furnishing establishment of M. Schram, on Twelfth St. Telegrams confirming the good news were received later in the day and "Steiner" was the recipient of congratulations on all sides. The lucky ticket was 61,503, a tenth of which he held.—Temple (Tex.) Weekly Times, Sept. 17th.

The finest turnouts in the country and the best stock, at Drew & Bamrick's livery stable.

Daniel Webster on the Farm.

Daniel Webster took great pains to be on friendly terms with his rural neighbors at Franklin, N. H., and at Marshfield, Mass. One of his Marshfield neighbors thus related his acquaintance with the great expounder: "I was out in my dooryard one morning before breakfast last summer, and saw a gentleman in my coveyard. He apologized for his intrusion, as he termed it, by saying, 'I got out of my carriage, sir, to look at your barn cellar. I am taken with its plan and structure, and thought I might gain an idea that I might put in practice at home. My name is Webster of Marshfield. I am taking a look round among my neighbors to see if I can learn something about farming.' 'Oh, Mr. Webster! My name is Collamore. I am happy to see you, Mr. Webster; won't you walk in, sir?' 'Not today, sir, if you will excuse me. But, Mr. Collamore, we are neighbors, not very far apart, and I should be happy to see you at my home. I am a farmer, in my way, who has not as much of my more experienced neighbors, but we may find something with which to while away a little time on my place. Come down, Mr. Collamore, and see me, and bring Mrs. Collamore and your neighbors—please to invite them—tackle up, and all you can do to make me a pleasant morning and spend the day.'"

So Mr. Collamore, his wife and neighbors went down. Mr. Webster led them all over his farm till they got an appetite for dinner. It was in that year when four was so high. Mr. Webster attended to the dinner, and the guests then called upon the servant for a piece of bread. He took the bread, remarking in an old fashioned style: 'I tell my woman that flour is so high we must not buy only a pillow hief of flour at a time, nowadays.' The idea of this allusion to old fashioned times was to his guests very ludicrous, and was one of the accidents which caused the incident to be remembered. Each of their visit to Marshfield.—Ben: Perley Poore in Boston Budget.

How Chocolate is Made.

"Chocolate," said a confectioner, "is made from beans that grow in pods on the cacao tree. These trees are numerous in the West Indies, and it is from there we get our supply. The beans are brought hither in the pod, and put through a regular manufacturing process to produce the chocolate cakes that we use. The first operation is the breaking of the husks and separating them from the kernels by a blast of air. Then the beans are ground with sugar, by revolving granite grindstones. The stones are heated, and the oil contained in the bean makes the mass adhere and become a thick paste. This pulp is now partly dried and the air bubbles are squeezed out in a press, and it is transferred to the cooling tables. Here it is beaten and worked by hand to produce an even texture and a fine grain. Then it is placed in molds, a blast of cold air is turned on, and in a few moments the beautiful glossy tablets are finished.

"The British government has recently directed that chocolate be served two or three times a week in their army and navy. In confectionery the Parisians excel us in the number of preparations of chocolate, and it is in its natural flavor only, while they mix essences and other flavors with it, until there is no end to the combinations that they produce. In England much of the chocolate is adulterated. Some recent tests detected flour, starch, potato, lard, chalk, and sea shells in specimens of chocolate offered for sale."—New York Mail and Express.

A Town in the Tyrol.

The people are pious; they are very fond of outward shows and ceremonies, and the men religiously observe the fasts, of which there are about two a week. On these days the women work harder than usual, while the men occupy themselves with playing cards and drinking wine. Very large quantities of wine are consumed by the peasants. Dr. Pircher is my authority for saying that many peasants who never drink a drop of water, and drink far too much wine, live to a good old age. They eat heartily and greedily; five meals a day are required to appease their appetites; at each meal smoked meat, maize and black bread are eaten. The bread is baked four times a year, so it is generally stale and satisfactory. In speech the people are Germans, and they show the influence of the German blood and characteristics which are conspicuous in other parts of South Tyrol. It is probable, however, that the stock is very mixed, as the people of many nations have successively occupied this part of Europe.—London Correspondence.

Drink at Meal Time.

Little drink should be allowed at meals and the salivary glands should be kept to weaken the digestive power. Bile is not found in a healthy stomach; if it is ejected in vomiting, it shows that the action of the stomach is inverted. Knowledge of this would save many from swallowing emetics and cathartics to rid the stomach of bile.

Copious draughts of water should be taken between meals to furnish the stomach material necessary for the digestive fluids. Water drinking an hour before meals should constitute a habit from infancy to old age. Its quantity must be regulated by the condition of each person. Lean people usually drink little and are thin eaters, while fat persons are apt to eat little and drink much. If the order be changed, it will, in most cases, make the lean grow fat, and the fat people will have the comfort of seeing their own shadows grow less.—Mrs. E. G. Cook, M. D., in Demore's.

Styles in Conversation.

There is a fashion in conversation among women. A last winter, whenever there was a gathering of the gentler sex, the kitchen women, who had never thrust their delicate hands into dough or red-dened their fair complexion before an oven, talked like experts in the art of cooking. It was the result of the fashionable "cooking classes" for young ladies. Some years ago the topic was music. It was the first season of German opera at the Metropolitan opera house, and it was deemed essential that every woman should exhibit some knowledge of the subject. This year the topic is outdoor amusements, and the man who knows it is not dumb in the presence of fashionable womanhood.—Hotel Gazette.

Stalking a Flagstaff.

A Falmouth sportsman went out for beach birds recently. A glance across West Falmouth meadows showed him the long neck and head of a blue heron. Straightway he began to wriggle along the marsh toward the game. Every now and then he would raise his head to make sure that his prey had not fled to the water. At last he came to an "aim," and raised to his knee—to find that he had been stalking the flagstaff and pennant of a sloop in West Falmouth harbor, a mile away.—Boston Journal.

Postal Laws of Newspapers.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscription.

2. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the postoffice, unless the paper is sent free by understanding, or as a sample copy, is responsible for the subscription.

3. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, they are held responsible. Notice should always be given of the removal.

4. Any person ordering his paper discontinued must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and collect the whole amount whether it is taken out of the office or not.

5. Postmasters are required to give notice by letter when a subscriber does not take his paper from the office. Neglecting to do so, makes the postmaster responsible to the publisher for the payment.

Brace Up.

You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor, you are bothered with Headache, you are fidgety, nervous, and generally out of sorts, and want to brace up. Brace up, but not with stimulants, spring medicines, or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap, bad whisky, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alternative that will purify your blood, restore health by action of Liver and Kidneys, restate your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters and only 50 cents a bottle at J. D. Rittenhouse.

Hotel Arrivals.

The following are among recent arrivals at the Florence Hotel.

Miss Angie Doran, Oakland, Cal; Mrs. Tharsing and child, Cal; Frank Jones, S. English, Casa Grande; C. H. Webber, Tucson; L. English, Casa Grande; P. Busche and family, Phoenix; F. S. Haas, Tucson; Cal Preston, Al. Mesa; J. McCoy, Pinal; Jacob Suter, Casa Grande; H. C. Hoffman, Riverside; D. Hastings, T. Montgomery, Casa Grande; J. Charouleau, Tucson; A. Redeuil, Vallejo; W. Guesse, San Francisco; Chas. Miller, Riverside; Jas. Holcomb, Reavis Ranch; J. L. Campbell, Half-way.

The following is an Arizona statute at present, and of general application: "It being impracticable to properly enclose the fields in this Territory, all animals shall be kept under a shepherd, so that no injury may result to the fields; and if any damage should result it shall be paid by the owner of the animals causing the same, to be assessed by the justice of the peace of the precinct in a summary manner, and paid to the person or persons whose field may have been damaged."

John Canlon, now of Arizona, was the owner of Real Estate in California in 1875, has not been heard from since. If he or his heirs can be found, the land or money thereon can be recovered by addressing:

E. E. HOWARD,
P. O. Box 696, Los Angeles, Cal.

Captain M. A. Converse, a member of Burnside Post No. 36, G. A. R., of Tombstone, died in Phoenix on Friday, November 18th, aged 47 years. He was well known at the Peck and Tiger mine where he did business, and in Tombstone where he resided for the past six years.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, Tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. D. Rittenhouse.

A BARGAIN!

320 Acres, Improved Land, all under fence, with water right, For Sale Cheap.

Splendidly located near the town of Florence, and is the best alfalfa land in the valley.

MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE

If sold at all.

For particulars inquire at the ENTERPRISE OFFICE.

AGUSTIN FLORES,

Dealer in General Merchandise.

Fruits, Canned Goods, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Barley, Wheat, Corn, Beans, etc.

BAILEY STREET, FLORENCE.

Notice of Preemption Proof.

(Declaratory Statement No. 1468. U. S. LAND OFFICE, TUCSON, ARIZONA, Nov. 8, 1887.)

Notice is hereby given that the following named entryman has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the U. S. District Court at Florence, Arizona, on the 19th day of December, 1887, viz: Patrick Morgan of Florence, Arizona, for the NE 1/4 Sec. 31 T. 4 S. R. 10 E. Gila and Salt River Meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Patrick Holland, Frederick Haller, Jose Guayandean and Thomas McEvoy, all of Florence, Arizona.

A. D. DUFF, Register.

The California Nursery Co.

Capital Stock, \$100,000. TREES GROWN ON NEW GROUND.

Guaranteed True to Name, and absolutely FREE FROM INSECT PESTS.

Patronize a firm which has a local habitation and a Reputation to maintain.

For further particulars, prices and Catalogue, Call on or address

C. W. LEMON, Agent for Pinal Co.

Married.

In Florence, Arizona, Nov. 4th, 1887, by Rev. J. Monfort, Jose Mendes to Edwigen Garcia.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

—of the— FLORENCE CANAL COMPANY.

We, D. S. Thomas, J. M. Hurley, Charles Hall, John Valle, B. F. Garner, R. H. Martin, J. H. Wrampelmeier, T. J. Wrampelmeier, T. W. P. Stone, W. P. Linville, R. E. Sloan, Thomas Davis, J. D. Rittenhouse and W. N. Crandall, desiring to incorporate ourselves under the provisions of the laws of the Territory of Arizona, for the purpose of engaging in and transacting the lawful business pursuit and enterprise hereinafter specified, do adopt these Articles of Incorporation and sign and acknowledge the same according to law, and declare:

I. The name of the Corporation shall be the FLORENCE CANAL COMPANY.

And its principal place of transacting business shall be Florence, County of Pinal, Territory of Arizona.

II. The general nature of the business, pursuit, occupation and enterprise proposed to be transacted and engaged in by said corporation is building, constructing, maintaining, repairing, damming, canals, ditches, conduits, reservoirs, gates, lateral ditches, aqueducts, and such other structures and appliances as may be necessary for the purpose of damming, collecting, obstructing, conducting and regulating the flow of water, to appropriate and purchase water and water rights, dams, ditches, canals, flumes, water ways, franchises and all water appliances, to sell water and the use thereof, water rights and privileges, to use and furnish for use water for any agricultural, mining, milling, mechanical, domestic or other beneficial purpose; to acquire by location, purchase or in any other manner, lands and real estate or interest therein, and all other kinds of property, real, personal or mixed, and hold, sell and convey the same; to loan money and borrow money and contract to repay the same at such time or times and with such rate or rates of interest as its Board of Directors may see fit; to issue bonds and execute mortgages to secure any loans, or for any of its indebtedness, upon any of its property heretofore acquired, and to pledge and hypothecate any of its property to pay any of its indebtedness or secure any loans. And to acquire by purchase from the Florence Canal and Land Company, organized March 28th, 1886, and known and designated and doing business since the 31st day of July, 1886, at which time its Articles of Incorporation were amended as all the Florence Canal and Water Company, all of its water rights, dams, ditches, gates, flumes, canals, water ways, franchises and all water privileges, and to extend, enlarge and complete the same.

III. The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be Five Hundred Thousand (\$500,000) Dollars, divided into Ten Thousand (10,000) shares of Fifty (\$50) Dollars each, and the conditions upon which it is to be paid are as follows, to-wit:

The whole thereof is to be paid immediately upon making the subscription therefor, and no subscription for such stock shall be allowed unless at the time of making the same the full amount thereof shall be paid in money or its equivalent.

Shares of stock of the above mentioned Florence Canal and Water Company shall be deemed an equivalent, and shall be received by this Corporation as the payment for the stock thereof, at the rate and proportion of Two (2) Shares of the capital stock of the Florence Canal and Water Company for One (1) share of the Capital Stock of this corporation.

The Stock of this Corporation, when issued upon the above conditions is non-assessable, and the words "non-assessable" to be printed or written upon same at time of issue.

IV. The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the day of the filing of these Articles of Incorporation in the office of the Recorder of Pinal County, Arizona Territory, and the termination thereof shall be Fifty (50) years thereafter.

V. The affairs of this Corporation shall be conducted in accordance with its by-laws, by a Board of Five (5) Directors to be elected annually by the stockholders on second (2nd) Tuesday of October of each year. No one shall be eligible to the office of Director who is not a stock-holder of this corporation.

VI. The highest amount of liability or indebtedness direct or contingent, to which this corporation is at any one time liable, shall in no case exceed the sum of Three Hundred Thousand (\$300,000) Dollars.

VII. The private property of the members of this corporation shall not be liable for the corporate debts of this corporation.

VIII. The Board of Directors shall have power to establish by-laws and make all rules and regulations deemed expedient for the management of the affairs of this corporation, not inconsistent with the constitution and laws of the United States and the laws of this Territory.

In Witness Whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals, this 1st day of September A. D. 1887.

D. S. THOMAS, CHAS. HALL, J. M. HURLEY, JOHN VALLE, B. F. GARNER.

By his atty in fact, W. N. CRANDALL. By his atty in fact, T. J. WRAMPMEIER. By his atty in fact, J. WRAMPMEIER. By his atty in fact, W. P. LINVILLE. By his atty in fact, R. E. SLOAN. By his atty in fact, THOMAS DAVIS. By his atty in fact, J